

Guidance and FAQs for Public Service Employers during COVID-19

In relation to Special Leave with Pay for COVID-19

9 March 2022

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Background

This guidance document for Civil and Public Service employers supersedes previous guidance and FAQs issued relating to Civil and Public Service working arrangements and temporary assignments during COVID-19. These arrangements apply to all Civil and Public Service employees.¹

Everything that has been managed and achieved during the COVID-19 pandemic restrictions has involved an unprecedented collaboration and cooperation across the entire civil and public service, operating to provide a single integrated response.

The FAQs have been prepared to assist employees and management in the Civil and Public Service to understand the process, rules and expectations associated with Special Leave with Pay during COVID-19 across the public service.

These arrangements apply during the time that COVID-19 pandemic restrictions remain in place.

These FAQs will be updated in response to queries that are received centrally. The most up-to-date version of these FAQs will be available at www.gov.ie/per.

The Civil and Public Service need to ensure that our services have the potential to be flexible and responsive to any changes that may be needed based on public health advice. The guidance is continually reviewed, and employers will be advised of any changes.

Subject to expert public health advice in light of developing circumstances on COVID-19, the general principles or FAQ material may be subject to updating or other amendment. Employers retain the right to withdraw or amend provisions in light of developing circumstances.

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¹ Individual employers will need to identify which employees fall into the category of public service employees.

Principles

The general principles to apply to the working arrangements during COVID-19 in the Civil and Public Service include:

Public health	Business need	One Public Service
Safeguarding the health of both the public in their interaction with the public service, and employees, is central to how we organise work. Public service employers and employees must comply with measures for safeguarding public health and safety of the workplace, including related legislation and Government advice.	We must deliver the services that the public need and expect in a changing delivery environment. Openness, transparency and consistency will underpin service delivery and decision-making. The employer determines the criteria for return to the workplace according to business needs.	Throughout the COVID- 19 pandemic we have operated as a unified, One Public Service and accordingly these FAQs are developed in order to ensure transparency of decision making and agree on the overriding principles which apply, while recognising individual needs of certain sectors.

1. COVID-19 special leave with pay arrangements

UPDATED 1.1 When does special leave with pay apply during COVID-19?

Special leave with pay is currently used in lieu of sick leave for COVID-19 to assist in the prevention of the possible onward spread of COVID-19 in the work premises.

<u>Circular 2/1976, which covers special leave with pay</u> should only apply in lieu of sick leave for COVID-19 when an employee is required to self-isolate <u>and</u> is displaying symptoms of COVID-19 and either awaiting a test result or had a positive PCR test/or a positive antigen test which has been registered on the HSE portal. The HSE sets out the latest criteria for self-isolation at <u>this link</u>. In order to avail of special leave with pay evidence is required in the form of a PCR test result or antigen test result registered on the HSE portal. While public health advice no longer requires testing for certain groups, individuals can still access the HSE portal to register antigen test results. Special leave with pay for COVID-19 in all sectors <u>does not</u> apply in any other scenarios.

Special leave with pay only applies to employees who were rostered or due to be working. Special leave with pay cannot be substituted for other forms of leave, for example annual leave. If employees are on annual leave and have valid certification they can opt to apply for sick leave as per the normal rules of sick leave.

Please see the Quick Guide of Scenarios at Appendix 3 for further details of when special leave with pay applies.

The general principles applying to the management of sick leave, for example the requirement of employees to contact managers, and for ongoing contact with employees who are on special leave for this purpose, will apply.

Any special leave with pay granted for the purpose of self-isolation and/or diagnosis of COVID-19 will not be counted as part of the employee's sick leave record. Appropriate medical/HSE confirmation of the need to self-isolate and/or a diagnosis of COVID-19 will be required for the duration of the absence.

Note that at any stage if an employee states that they feel well enough to work, but have tested positive for COVID-19 or are self-isolating because they were symptomatic, the employer may facilitate working from home instead of special leave with pay, if this is feasible and agreeable to both parties. They must not attend the work premises and must also follow medical and HSE advice as it relates to self-isolation.

Since 7 February 2022, in instances where an employee is symptomatic and subsequently has a confirmed case of COVID-19, special leave with pay may continue for up to 10 calendar days if necessary and where it is supported by a positive PCR test for COVID-19 or a positive antigen test registered on the HSE portal. If an employee is still unwell after 10 calendar days they will move to ordinary sick leave arrangements.

When granting special leave with pay, as per clause 31.2 of <u>Circular 2/1976</u>, "the officer will be expected to comply at once with any directions which may be given by [their] Department and to take all practicable steps to resume duty as soon as possible. Otherwise, unless adequate reason is shown for non-compliance, the question of withholding pay will arise". Employees are not entitled to days in lieu of bank holidays whilst in receipt of special leave with pay.

In the event of non-compliance with the provisions of special leave with pay (including the requirement to provide bona fide² confirmation of self-isolation/diagnosis of COVID-19) existing procedures, including disciplinary measures may be invoked.

The arrangements relating to the application of special leave with pay for COVID-19 is temporary, and will be kept under regular review.

1.2 An employee is on special leave with pay, can they claim the DSP Illness Benefit for COVID-19?

Public Service employees who can avail of the special leave with pay for COVID-19 are excluded from claiming the special DSP COVID-19 illness benefit payment. Any instances of civil or public servants found to be in receipt of both special leave with pay and the COVID-19 illness benefit will be subject to disciplinary action.

1.3 What arrangements are in place for employees to attend a COVID-19 vaccination appointment?

Where an employee in the public service has an appointment to attend a COVID-19 vaccination during working hours, they will be facilitated to attend based on the health/medical appointment arrangements which apply in each sector.

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² Bona fide in relation to a representation or communication means in good faith and well founded in fact. The employer reserves the right to request further confirmation.

1.4 What arrangements are in place where an employee may have a reaction to a COVID-19 vaccination?

Where there may be a reaction to a COVID-19 vaccination and the employee is unfit for work, the absence will be recorded as ordinary certified sick leave and the usual rules governing <u>sick leave</u> will apply.

1.5 What is the legal basis for processing employee data in relation to COVID-19?

Civil and Public Service employers are obliged to provide a safe workplace, which may include the processing of health data in order to ensure that safety. Articles 6(1)(c), 9(2)(b) and (g) of GDPR, along with section 53 of the Data Protection Act, 2018 (which permits the processing of special categories of personal data for purposes of public interest in the area of public health) will likely be the most appropriate legal bases for processing this data.

For further information please visit the Data Protection Commission website.

1.6 Do employers have a right to know if an employee has been vaccinated or had COVID-19?

As noted in the Work Safely Protocol the decision to get a vaccination against COVID-19 is voluntary and workers will therefore make their own individual decisions in this regard. The Data Protection Commission has produced a guidance note on <u>Processing COVID-19 Vaccination Data in the context of Employment</u>. The guidance notes that "[a]s a general position, the DPC considers that, in the absence of clear advice from public health authorities in Ireland that it is necessary for all employers and managers of workplaces to establish vaccination status of employees and workers, the processing of vaccine data is likely to represent unnecessary and excessive data collection for which no clear legal basis exists". However, the note does provide for specific employment contexts where collection of information may be lawful and each sector may issue its own guidance.

Employers may ask employees for information in relation to their COVID-19 special category data in certain circumstances, for example where an employee who requests to avail of special leave with pay will be required to provide details of the results of their COVID-19 PCR test or antigen test. At all times the data collection and processing must be necessary, proportionate and safeguarded.

Appendix 1: Procedure for SLWP absence

1 (a) Procedure for employees

- 1. Telephone your manager³ before 10am on the first day of isolation as would normally be the case for sick leave. You will be required to provide confirmation/medical certification/satisfactory evidence of a positive PCR or antigen test for COVID-19.
- 2. Please note that Public Service employees <u>cannot</u> claim DSP COVID-19 Enhanced Illness Benefit in cases where they are receiving special leave with pay. Any claim for DSP COVID-19 Enhanced Illness Benefit will be treated as a disciplinary matter.
- 3. Your manager will record you absence as special leave with pay on the commencement date.
- 4. By applying for special leave with pay, you agree that in the event of non-compliance with the provisions of special leave with pay (including the requirement to provide bona fide⁴ confirmation of self-isolation for COVID-19) existing procedures, including disciplinary measures may be invoked.

1 (b) Procedure for managers

- 1. Employees who are advised to self-isolate with symptoms of COVID-19 must inform their manager as per sick leave requirements.
- 2. Managers should record the absence as special leave with pay and ask the employee to provide dates and confirmation/medical certification/satisfactory proof of COVID-19 PCR test or antigen test, including date of test. The arrangements for the recording of this will vary based on each organisation's payroll/HR facilities.
- Managers should make employees aware of the need to stay in regular contact and advise them of any employee assistance programme available to them.
- Managers should alert the employee to any follow up actions that are required, including occupational health referrals, the need to provide documentation and actions on their return to work.

³ If your manager is not available, please contact another manager in your area or your HR team. In rare situations where that is not possible, make a note of the date and times of call made and continue to try to contact your managers until contact is made.

⁴ Bona fide in relation to a representation or communication means in good faith and well founded in fact. The employer reserves the right to request further confirmation.

UPDATED Appendix 2: Sample SLWP for COVID-19 self-declaration

Employee Details

Name						
Grade						
Department						
Dates of Specia	I Leave with Pay fo	r COVID-19 related self-isolation	n	_		
Dates	From DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY					
Declaration for	Special Leave Pay					
I confirm I have read and understand the provisions of Special Leave with Pay as set out in Part IX of Circular 02/1976						
I understand that in the special leave with pay confirmation of self-iso procedures, including	Yes					
I understand that any overpayment of salary which may arise from non- compliance with the provisions of special leave with pay will be repaid.			Yes			
I have attached relevant documentations			Yes			
Employee signature						
Date						
Manager Approval						
Manager signature						
Date						
Data Protection T	ho data requested in the	is form will be used to process your app	ligation for Chaoi	0110010		

Data Protection The data requested in this form will be used to process your application for Special Leave with Pay (COVID-19 related) and will be retained as part of your personnel record for the appropriate period of time. The employer will treat all information and personal data you give according to the law.

⁵ Bona fide in relation to a representation or communication means in good faith and well founded in fact. The employer reserves the right to request further confirmation.

⁶ Appropriate medical/HSE confirmation of the need to self-isolate and a diagnosis of COVID-19 will be required i.e. positive PCR test/registered positive antigen test on the HSE portal.



UPDATED Appendix 3: COVID-19 Quick Guide for Public Service Employers

Please note the scenarios are based on current public health advice available on 09 February 2022, and have been produced as a guide only. Employers should ensure that they base decisions on current public health advice. In relation to Home Working and Return to the Work premises, different advice may apply in the health sector. Please see hse ie for further advice.

#	Scenario	Employee	Special leave with pay	Sick leave	Home working / remain available for working at home ⁷	Return to work premises ⁸
1	COVID-19 symptoms – employee is awaiting a HSE COVID-19 test	Self-isolate until outcome known	Yes - until outcome known, then assess and follow subsequent advice (see below scenarios)	No	See footnote 7 below	Cannot be determined until outcome known (see other scenarios)
2	employee received positive PCR test result/ has registered a positive antigen test on the HSE portal and is not well enough to work.	Self-isolate for 7 days and take extra care for another 3 days to reduce the risk of passing COVID-19 on.	Yes – up to day 10 if required and where supported by evidence of a positive test.	Yes – after day 10. This takes effect for any new cases on 7 February 2022.	No	Following self- isolation period and additional 3 days if required.
3	COVID-19 symptoms – employee required to self- isolate and subsequently receive a negative COVID- 19 test result	Continue to self-isolate until 48 hours after symptoms are gone or mostly gone	Yes - up until date of negative test	Yes - after date of negative test if employee continues to be not well enough to work.	Where the employee is well, symptoms have resolved and awaiting the end of the 48-hour period - they can work from home/remain available for work for that period.	48 hours after symptom are gone or mostly gone

⁷ Note that at any stage if an employee states that they feel well enough to work, but have tested positive for COVID-19 or are self-isolating because they were symptomatic, the employer may facilitate working from home instead of special leave with pay, if this is feasible and agreeable to both parties. They must not attend the work premises and must also follow Medical and HSE advice as it relates to self-isolation.

⁸ Refers to any work location outside the home

#	Scenario	Employee	Special leave with pay	Sick leave	Home working / remain available for working at home ⁷	Return to work premises ⁸
4	Possible reaction to COVID-19 vaccination	If an employee is unfit for work, then usual sick leave rules apply	No	Yes	N/A	As per provisions of sick leave, if required



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